# **Keys to Understanding Paul's Letters**

A Brief Introduction to Special Hermeneutics

### Hermeneutics

- "Don't give me your interpretations, just tell me what the Bible says"
- Interpretation is inevitable
  - Sign: No Football Coaches Allowed
- Interpreting what we read is not always easy, so...
  - How will you interpret the Bible ?
  - How will you decide between competing interpretations?

### The Nature of Paul's Letters

#### **Historical Documents**

- God has chosen to reveal Himself in history
- Letters address the circumstances of the sender and the recipients
- Letters make sense in the context of the recipients' lives
- Letters are normally a slice of an ongoing conversation
- Letters follow common conventions and use language in conventional ways

# Reading historical documents requires recognizing the gap between the modern reader and the historical text



## What causes the Gap?

Text

Time
culture
language

## Why does spanning the gap matter?

Time Culture Language

Why should the modern reader care about an ancient text? What serves as the motivation and the basis for our efforts to understand it? What connects us to it?

### Why span the gap?



Divine Consistency - Common Humanity - Scriptural Authority

# Knowing Why does not explain How

- Divine consistency, common humanity, and an affirmation of the authority of scripture validate your interest in interpretation...
- Recognizing the gap highlights the challenges of interpretation...
- But these do not tell you how to span the gap.
- You do so by answering a series of key historical and literary questions.
- These questions assume that interpretation is a search for "authorial intent."

### What did the author(s) write?

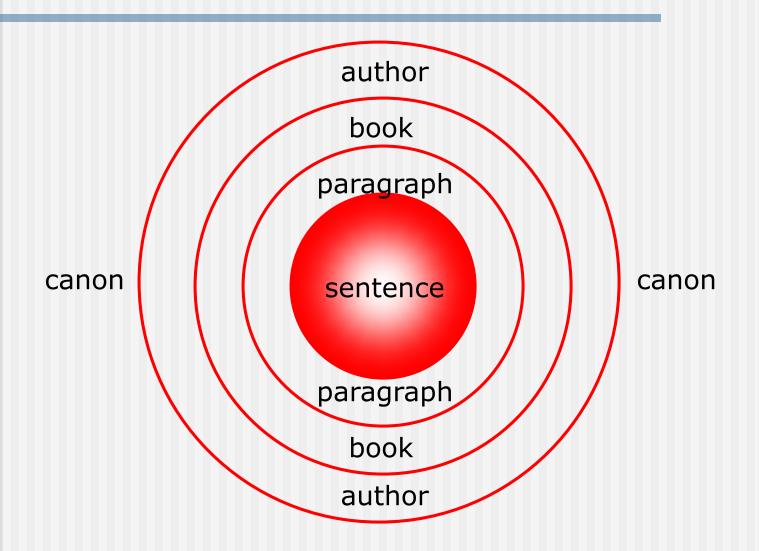
(establish the text you will interpret)

- Compare modern translations (literal, dynamic, paraphrase – use wisely)
- Consult critical commentaries (not devotional until later)
- 3. Mark places where these differ significantly as requiring more study (but not necessarily more emphasis).

## Which interpretation best fits the literary context?

- Words have meaning as part of sentences, and sentences have meaning as part of paragraphs,...
- Understanding the intent of a larger passage will help you understand the meaning of words and sentences (1 Cor. 12:31 - And I will show you a still more excellent way)

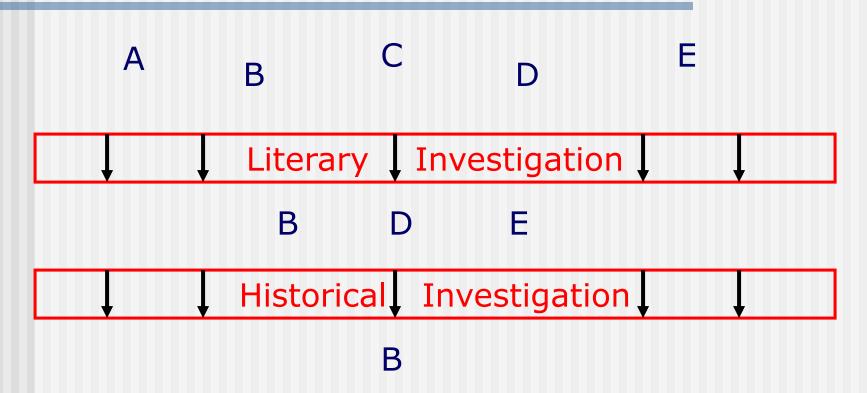
### Concentric Circles of Context



## Which interpretation best fits the historical context?

- Knowledge of the author his recipients of a letter, and
- Knowledge of the larger society in which he functioned will enhance the reader's ability to understand the author's intent.

## Sifting Interpretations



## Historical-Literary Study

- The result of a careful, critical use of historical and literary tools should be a high level of certainty regarding the intent of the author of a document.
- You will discover what the text meant.
- But what does the text mean for readers today?

## How should we apply the text today?

- The result of a careful, historical and literary study should be a high level of certainty regarding Paul's intent.
- You will discover what the text meant.
- But what does the text mean for readers today?

## Historical literary study is not the last step in spanning the gap

#### **Scripture**

historical and literary tools discern authorial intent

Time Culture Language Gap

#### Reader

But do they tell us what significance the text has for modern readers?

Divine Consistency - Common Humanity - Scriptural Authority

### Is Direct Transfer Best?

(Does the text simply "mean what it meant")

- Works when the gap is minimal
- Makes some texts obsolete
- Fails to address some modern needs
- 4. Leaves narrative material in the past
- 5. Not always simple consider the commands to greet one another with a holy kiss. (Rom. 16:16; 1 Cor. 16:20; 2 Cor. 13:12; 1 Thess. 5:26)

### Is Application by Analogy Best?

(Application based on comparability)

- Based on authorial intent
- 2. Seeks principle behind the text
- 3. Draws generalization from the text
- 4. Seeks meaning applicable in any time
- 5. Open to divine guidance
- 6. Seeks nuanced understanding applicable to modern situation and need

### Process of Interpreting Paul's Letters

#### **Scripture**

historical
and
literary
tools
Used to discern
authorial
intent

Time Culture Language Gap

#### Reader

Direct transfer or Analogy
Used to discern present significance

Divine Consistency - Common Humanity - Scriptural Authority

# Interpretation – Not a "one and done" activity

## Interpretation involves a recurring cycle in which an interpreter moves through

- 1. An encounter with the text
  - Bringing pre-understandings and preoccupations
- 2. An investigation of the text
  - The search for authorial intent
- 3. The application of the text
  - Based on convictions that the text is true and inspired

### Actualization

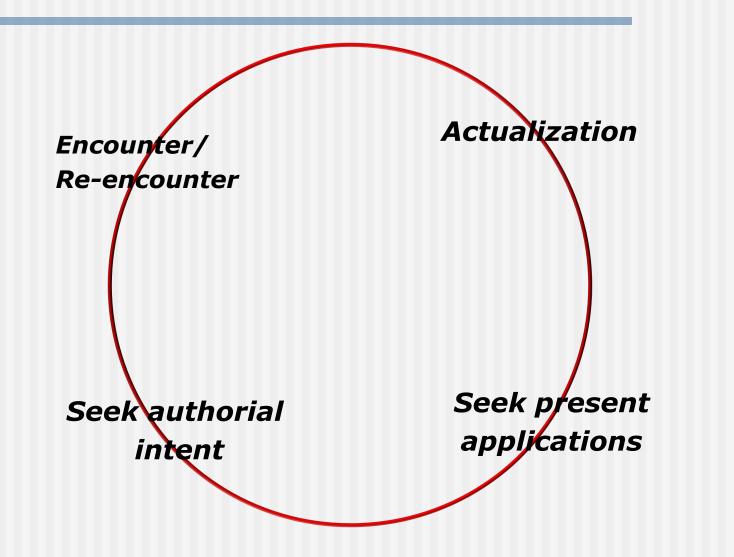
When understanding the text leads to implementing the teachings of the text in the lives of the readers they are changed by the process.

They see and interact with their world (including with their scriptures) differently than before.

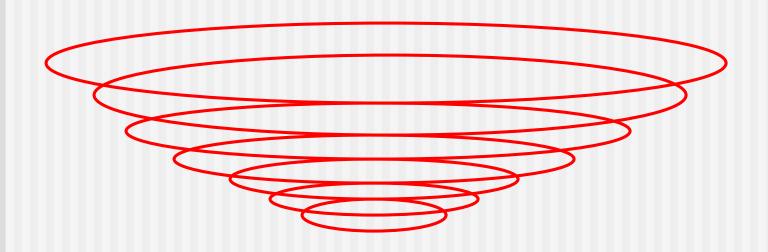
### Re-Encounter with the Text

- Persons transformed by the text may return to it and
- Find in the same text new insight
- Not because the text has changed
- But because they have changed.

### Interpretation: a Recurring Cycle



### Interpretation: An Upward Spiral



Of growing understanding and of growing godliness